

### **Session 1:**

## Whole School Engagement Strategies for Reducing Student Absenteeism



Professional Learning Series

September 14, 2023

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Hedy Chang Executive Director



Angela Duran Senior Fellow





During these sessions, participants will learn how to work as a team to take a multi-tiered approach to improve attendance in their schools:

- Session I Whole School Engagement Strategies for Reducing Student Absenteeism
- Session 2 Early Intervention Strategies: Using Teams to Monitor and Identify Students in Need of Support
- **Session 3** Partnering to Make a Difference





#### Learning Goals for Session 1

#### **Participants will:**

- Draw on whole school strategies to create
  - $\,\circ\,$  positive conditions for learning and
  - $\circ$  strong relationships with students and families that prevent absenteeism
- Understand what chronic absence is and why it matters
- Be introduced to the framework of multi-tiered attendance strategies that moves schools towards prevention and early intervention
- Learn effective strategies to communicate with families about attendance





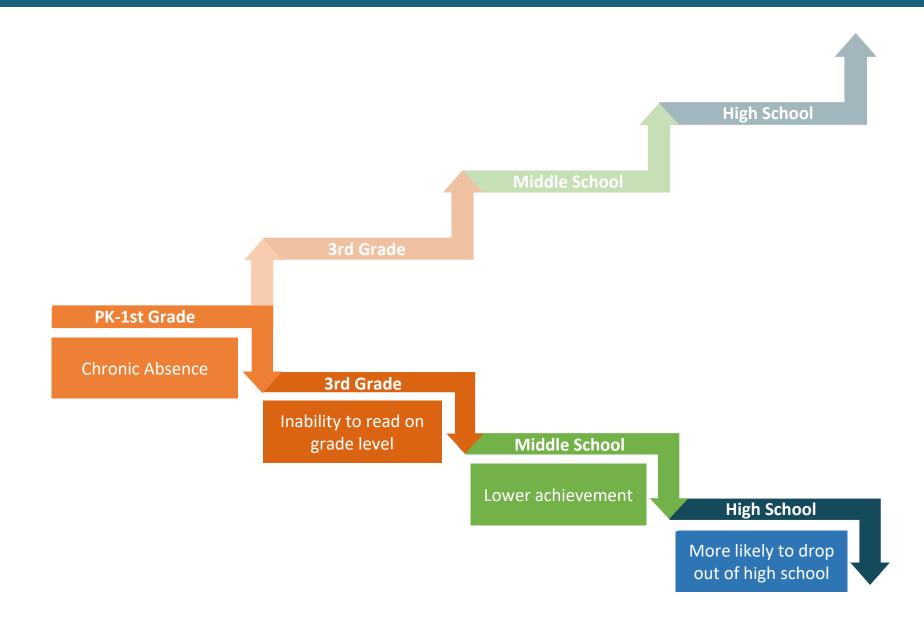
### Use the Chat and share:

- $\checkmark$  Your name and role
- $\checkmark$  Your school and district
- ✓ Who or what motivated you to attend school every day?



## **Overview of Chronic Absence**

#### **Improving Attendance Matters**







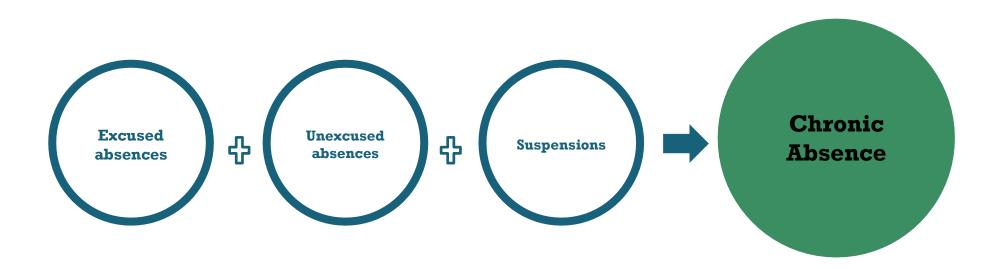
What is the relationship between absences & equity?

# Absenteeism is a *leading* indicator and a *cause* of educational inequity



# What is chronic absence?

Chronic absence is missing so much school for any reason that a student is academically at risk. Chronic absence is defined as **missing 10 percent or more of school for any reason.** 



Chronic absence is different from **truancy** (unexcused absences only) or **average daily attendance** (how many students show up to school each day).

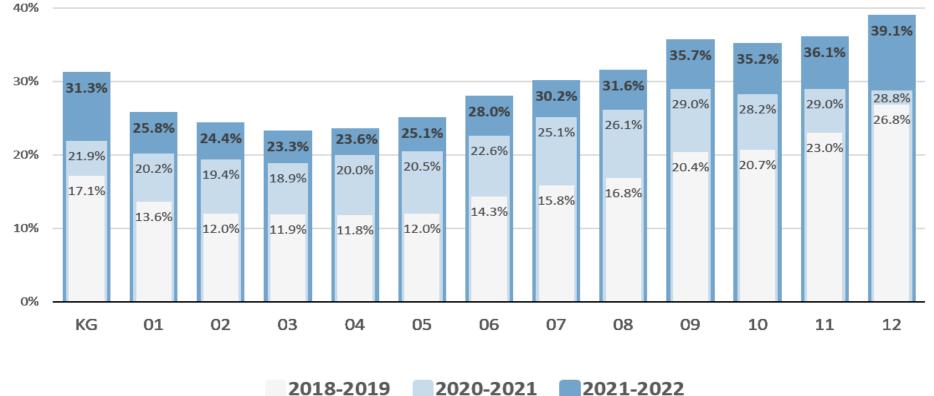


- **Pre-pandemic: 8 million (1 out of 6) students were chronically absent** (missing 10% or more of school for any reason: excused, unexcused, suspension)
- Chronic absence has nearly doubled. By the end of SY 2021-22, chronic absence affected more than 1 out of 4 students. Early data from districts and states for 2022-23 data show rates remain high.
- Economically disadvantaged students and families, as well as Native American, Black, Latino/Hispanic and Pacific Islander students are disproportionately affected.
- Chronic absenteeism is especially high in early elementary and high school.



## Chronic Absence By Grade

Chronic Absence in Ohio SY 18-19 to SY 21-22

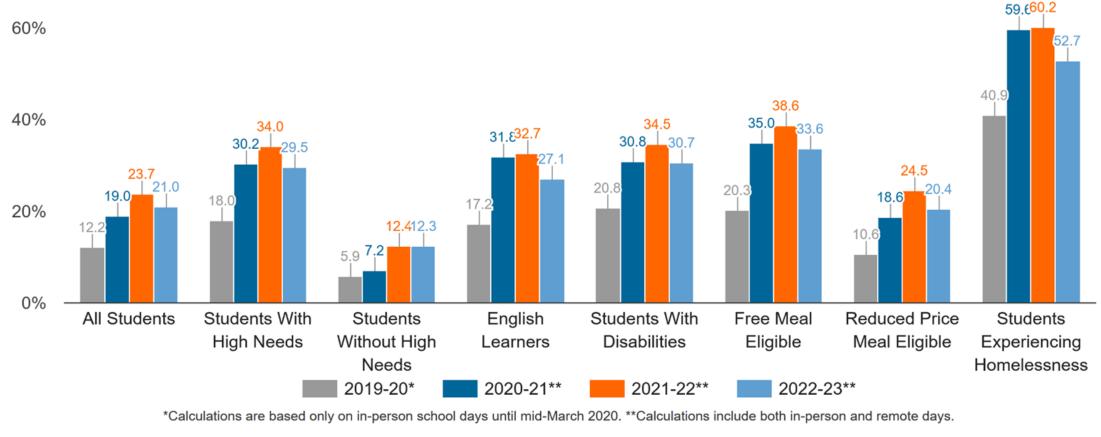




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#### In CT, Chronic Absence Decreased in SY 2022-23 But Still High

Percentage of Students Chronically Absent by Student Group (YTD as of June 2023 compared to 2021-22, 2020-2021, and 2019-20)



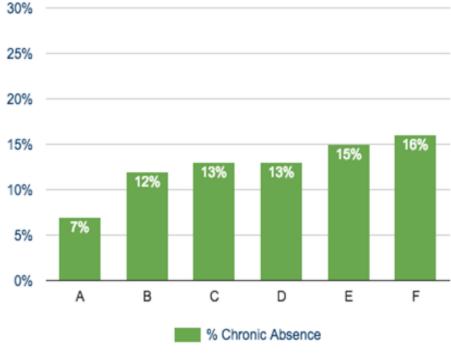
CSDE

Source: EdSight



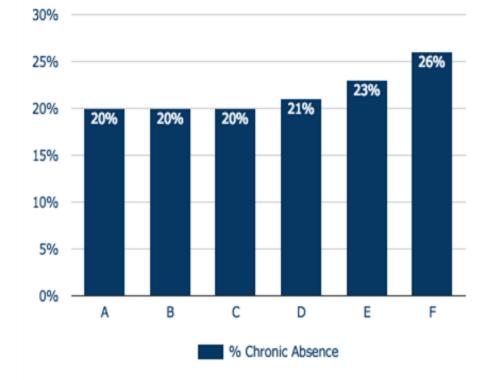
Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Can Mask Chronic Absence

#### Chronic Absence For 6 Elementary Schools in Oakland, CA with 95% ADA in 2012

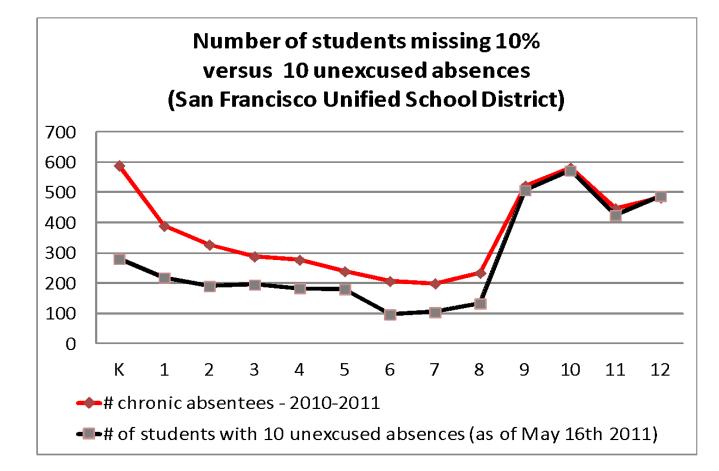


#### **90% and even 95% ≠A**

#### Chronic Absence for 6 Schools in New York City with 90% ADA in 2011-12



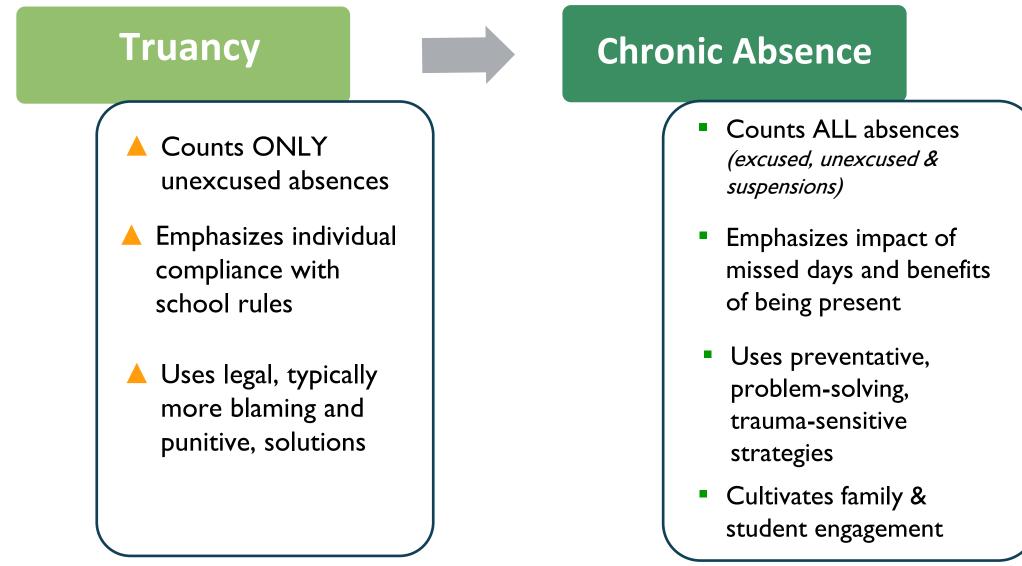
#### Chronic Absence vs. Unexcused Absences





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#### What's the Difference Between Chronic Absence vs. Truancy?

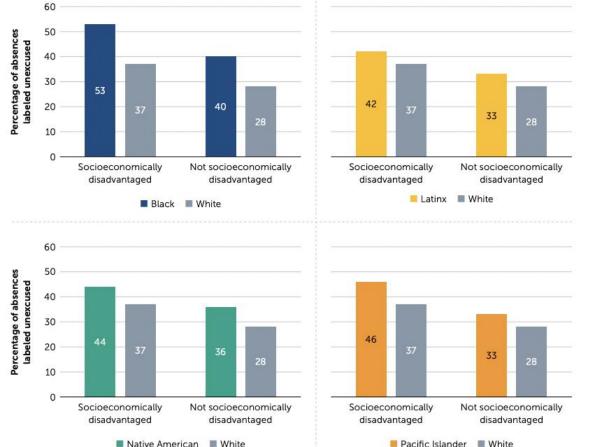




https://www.attendanceworks.org/whats-the-difference-between-chronic-absence-and-truancy/

# Unexcused absences are much higher among socioeconomically disadvantaged students and from communities of color

**Figure 6.** Racial and ethnic disparities in the percentage of absences labeled unexcused among students who are socioeconomically disadvantaged and those who are not, 2021–22



Percent of all student unexcused absences in regular K–12 California schools, by year and student socioeconomic disadvantage.

Large disparities in unexcused absenteeism persisted within each socioeconomic stratum in SY 2021–22 for Black, Pacific Islander, American Indian, and Hispanic students compared to White students.

McNeely, C., Chang, H., & Gee, K. (2023, March). Disparities in Unexcused Absences Across California Schools. [Report]. Policy Analysis for California Education

https://edpolicyinca.org/publications/disparities-unexcused-absences-across-california-schools



#### How "Unexcused" Label Can Affect Response

Response to "Excused"	Response to "Unexcused"
<ul> <li>Help with homework</li> </ul>	× Denial of help or no credit for homework
✓ Make-up exams	× No make-up exams
<ul> <li>Home tutoring provided</li> </ul>	× Denial of class credit
	× Removal from extracurricular activities
	× Send notices of truancy
	*If unexcused absences accumulate despite earlier outreach from schools and districts, courts can:
	Fine students and parents
	<ul> <li>Require a community service program or parenting program</li> </ul>
	Charge parents with a misdemeanor



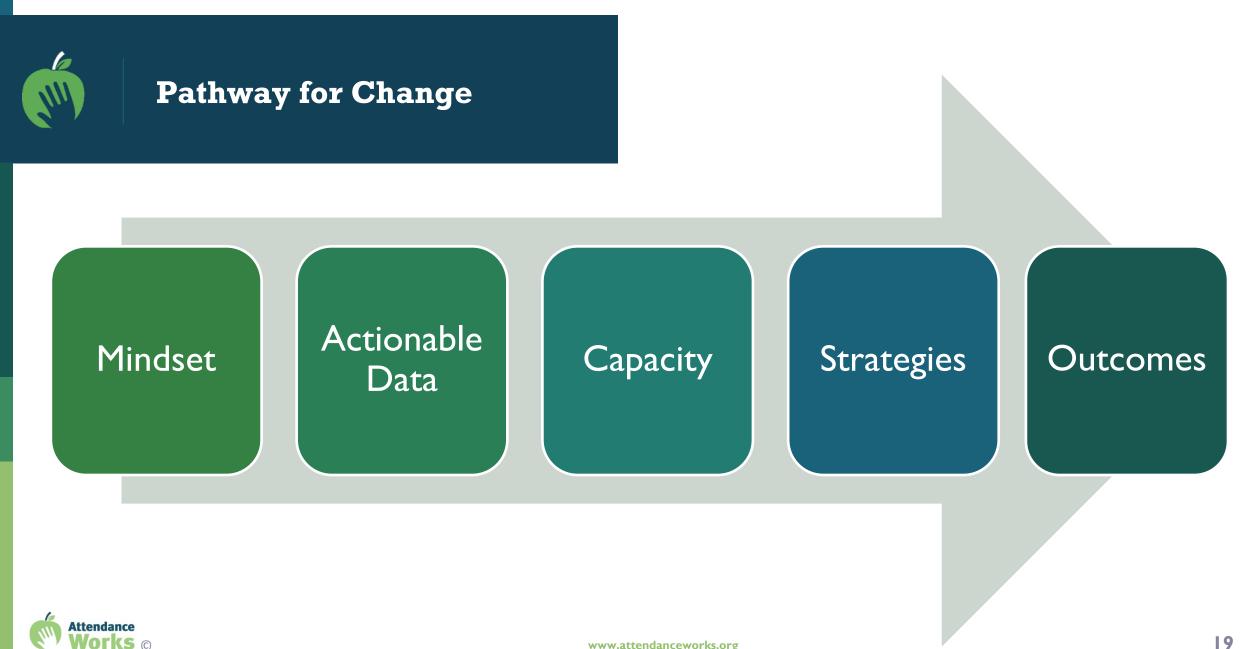


## Type in Chat:

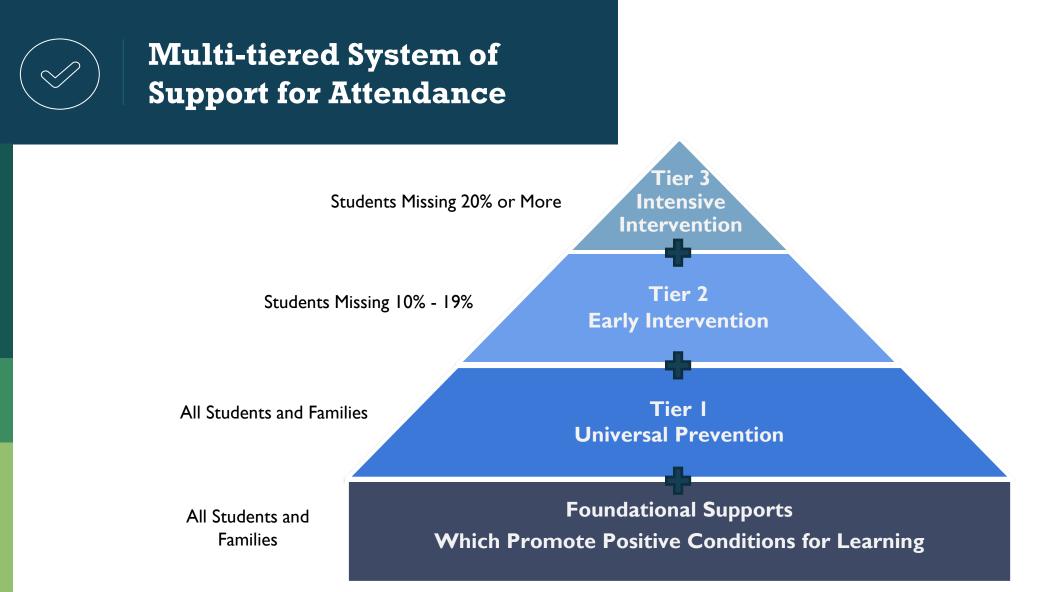
# Where on the spectrum between truancy (unexcused) and chronic absence does your school fall?







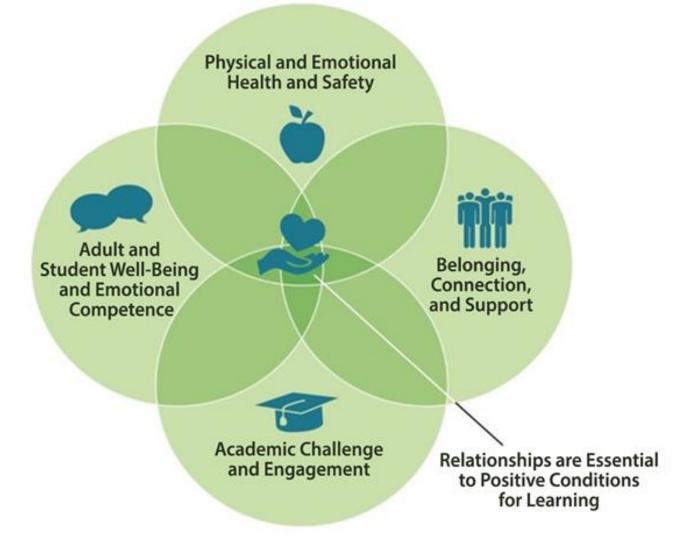
## The Key to Improving Attendance is a Tiered Approach





https://www.attendanceworks.org/chronic-absence/addressing-chronic-absence/3-tiers-of-intervention/

#### Positive Conditions for Learning Lead to Students Being Engaged and Attending Regularly





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Foundational Supports Which Promote Positive Conditions for Learning

#### **<u>Tier 1</u>**: Universal Attendance Supports

 Clear, concise and consistent communication about schedules and expectations



- Routines, rituals and celebrations related to attendance and engagement
- Personalized positive communication to families when students are absent
- Recognition of good and improved attendance
- Impact of attendance on whole child widely understood
- Connection to a caring adult in the school
- Every child and their family encouraged to develop a success plan that includes attention to attendance

Share in Chat: In your experience, which Tier I attendance supports have been most essential at your school or in your district?



#### **<u>Tier 2</u>**: Early Interventions Layer in Support and Remove Barriers to Attendance



- Common community and school barriers identified and addressed
- Individualized student success plan that includes attention to attendance
- Attendance strategies added to IEP
- Family visit
- Mentors (e.g., Success Mentors, Peer Group Connections)
- Intensive tutoring
- Check-In/Check-Out (CICO)
- Expanded learning opportunities
- Small group interventions and supports for students
- Restorative alternatives to discipline and suspension



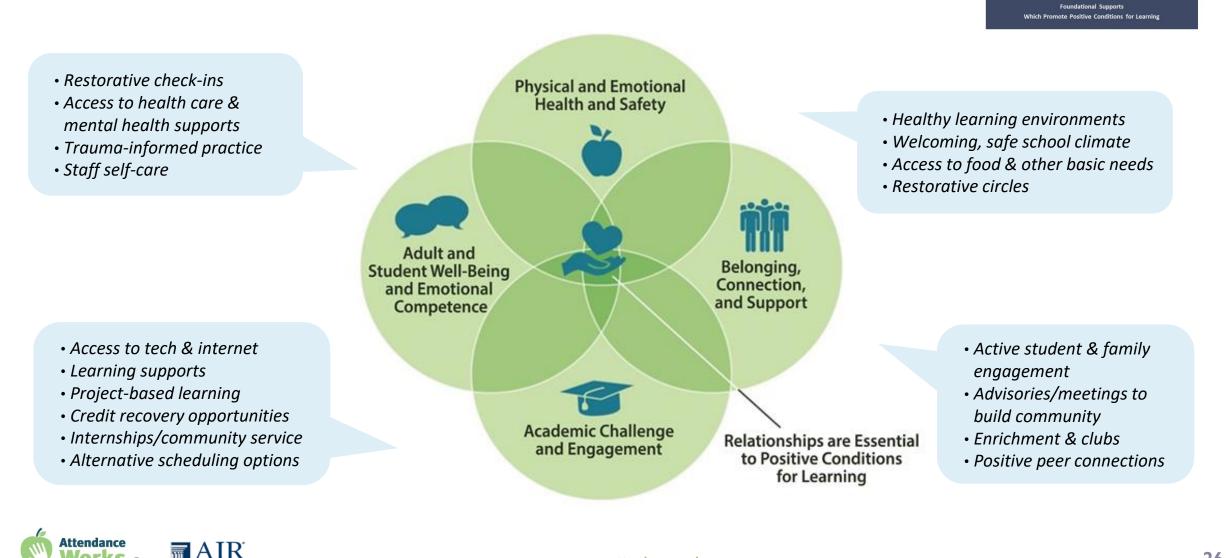




- Educational support champions / advocates
- ✤ Interagency case management
- Housing stability supports
- Student attendance review board
- Community-based, non-criminal truancy court
- Individualized learning and success plan leading to graduation
- Legal Intervention (as a last resort)



#### Positive Conditions for Learning Lead to Students Being Engaged and Attending Regularly



### What promotes positive conditions for learning?



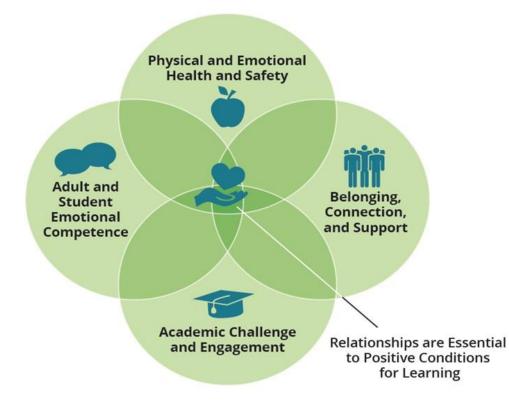




www.attendanceworks.org



#### How did the video illustrate positive conditions for learning?





#### **Conditions for Learning #1:** *Physical and Emotional Health and Safety*

(review)

#### **Challenging Condition**

- □ Threats/acts of violence
- □ Unwelcoming environment
- Bullying and harassment
- □ Unsafe physical environment
- □ Lack of clear health guidance

- □ Physical safety
- □ Emotional safety
- □ Psychological safety
- □ Identity safety
- Cultural respect and responsiveness
- Low-risk learning environments





#### **Conditions for Learning #2:** *Belonging, Connection and Support*

(review)

#### **Challenging Condition**

- □ Limited support provided
- Weak relationships between students and staff
- □ Negative peer relationships

- Meaningful connection to adults in the school
- Adults emotionally attuned to students
- □ Care and inclusivity
- Cultural respect and responsiveness
- □ Positive peer relationships
- Equitable, effective and available support





#### **Conditions for Learning #3:**

#### Academic Challenge and Engagement

(review)

#### **Challenging Condition**

- Low expectations for some or all students
- Minimally challenging curriculum / instruction
- Curricula of little relevance to students' lives
- Instructional activities focused mainly on low-level skills (knowledge and comprehension)

- □ High expectations
- □ Connection to life goals
- Engaging and culturally responsive curricula and instruction
- □ Robust opportunities to learn





#### **Conditions for Learning #4:**

#### Adult and Student Well-Being & Social/Emotional Competence

(review)

#### **Challenging Condition**

- Adult dispositions that are not developmentally responsive
- Adults who do not manage their own emotions
- Adults' beliefs that limit students' potential

- Adults attuned to student development
- Resources for adults to practice self-care
- Adult belief in the potential of all students to learn
- Opportunities for students to develop self-awareness, selfmanagement, social awareness, relationships skills, and responsible decision-making





#### **Small Group Discussion**

#### **About your school:**

- In your experience, what creates a sense of belonging, connection and support?
- How do you reach students and families who've been disconnected or disengaged?



#### **Ground Rules**

- Turn on your video camera
- Briefly introduce yourself
- Raise your hand to speak
- Ask clarifying questions
- Explore differences of opinion
- Create space for everyone to speak (and use the chat to express ideas)
- The person whose first name is closest to the letter "A" should facilitate.





### Share in Chat:

# What is a strategy you've heard about today that you'd like to strengthen or adopt?



# **Relationships are Essential at Every Level of Intervention**

#### how-to guide to relationship mapping



TIME & RESOURCE INTENSITY



high

#### GRADES K-12

#### IMPLEMENTED BY School Administrators

CAPACITIES PROMOTED

Relationship-building; Student confidence; Shifting school norms

Key Elements See all students at-a-glance.

See who is well-supported and who needs support by adults.

Involve all adults in relationship mapping.

Key Benefits Connect all students to at least one school adult.

A Relationship Map lists all students in a school (or grade, team, etc.).

low

A Relationship Map allows adults in a school to have a quick and visual snapshot of students who are well supported and who most need support. Knowing this, adults can then strategize about how to best reach out to students who most need positive and supportive relationships with adults.

A Relationship Map is most effective if all adult stakeholders with a connection to students participate in its creation. This includes administrators, teachers, counselors, sports coaches, mentors, community partners, and other school staff.

A Relationship Map helps identify students who do not already have adult connections and provides opportunities for adults in school to build positive relationships with those students.

#### Download in-person and virtual versions of this guide at:

https://mcc.gse.harvard.edu/resourc es-for-educators/relationshipmapping-strategy

### Re-establish Routines & Rituals

- I. Daily Wellness Check (e.g. <u>Zones of Regulation</u>, <u>Mood Meter</u>)
- 2. Whole Group Greeting (e.g. Go-around Questions, Circle Games)
- 3. Mindfulness/Grounding Exercises (e.g. Collective Breath)
- **4. Greetings at the Door** (e.g. Smile, Call person by name)



Starting Each Class With a Warm Welcome: <u>https://www.edutopia.org/video/starting-each-class-warm-welcome</u> Making Connections With Greetings at the Door: <u>https://www.edutopia.org/video/making-connections-greetings-door</u>



### **Evidence-Based Programs**

#### **Relational Home Visits**

- ✓ Goal is to create positive relationship between educators and parents *before* any issues arise
- Example of model programs: Parent Teacher Home Visits <u>http://www.pthvp.org/what-we-do/pthv-model/</u>
- ✓ Learning Engagement and Attendance Program (LEAP) Home Visit <u>https://portal.ct.gov/SDE/Chronic-Absence/Learner-Engagement-and-Attendance-Program-LEAP</u>

#### Mentoring

- ✓ Goal is to create positive connection between mentor and student(s) to support student success in school
- ✓ Example of programs: MENTOR, Peer Group Connections, Success Mentor
- ✓ Virtual options for different age groups, <u>https://www.mentoring.org/virtual-</u> <u>mentoring-portals/</u>



### **Resources for Intentional Relationship-Building**

How to Guide Relationship Mapping guide

https://mcc.gse.harvard.edu/resources-for-educators/relationship-mapping-strategy

- 2x10 Relationship Strategy Bank <a href="https://www.scoe.net/media/e4olyyjr/sesion\_2">https://www.scoe.net/media/e4olyyjr/sesion\_2</a> relationship strategy bank.pdf
- Edutopia Relationship Building from Day I https://www.edutopia.org/article/relationship-building-day-1
- Search Institute Relationships Framework <a href="https://searchinstitute.org/resources-hub/developmental-relationships-framework">https://searchinstitute.org/resources-hub/developmental-relationships-framework</a>



# Strategies and Tools to Communicate About Attendance

### **Toolkit: Showing Up Matters for R.E.A.L.**

#### It is an opportunity to ...

## ✓ Build Routines

Daily attendance routines can reduce stress and create a sense of safety and security especially after chaotic transitions.

## ✓ Increase Engagement

Being in school helps build relationships with peers and school staff that nurture engagement.

## ✓ Provide Access to resources

Schools provide access to meals, health and mental health services, tutoring, mentoring, technology, extracurriculars (sports, clubs, music, etc.), afterschool and summer programs.

## ✓ Support Learning

Showing up to school regularly helps students become proficient in reading and math and graduate from high school.



https://www.attendanceworks.org/resources/toolkits/showing-up-matters-for-real/



Forging Partnerships with Families to Support Engagement and Attendance

- Engage in two-way, supportive communications about attendance and engagement throughout the school year
- Provide tailored, personalized and caring messages to students and families who are chronically absent
- $\checkmark$  Offer actionable steps to improve attendance
- ✓ Make sure families receive updated health guidance, resources to meet basic needs as well as as support for learning at home



Utilize Research about Effective Attendance Messaging to Improve Your Communications

- I. Readable
  - Fewer words
  - Accessibility: Flesch-Kincaid readability test
  - Skimmability: bullets, format reinforces message
- 2. Programmatic
  - Planned (personalized to audience)
  - Timely
  - Routinized
- 3. Easy to locate and multiple modes



EveryDay Labs

### Let's Practice.

### Which of these flyers aligns with research? Why?



With the widespread news coverage about the coronavirus, known as "COVID-19", children may develop fears about the risk to their own health and safety. It is important for parents to listen to these fears, and learn some of the basic facts themselves.

#### Be aware of your own behavior

It can impact how your child may feel. If you're anxious, they could take their cues from you.

Stay up-to-date with information

This can help you understand and share the facts about COVID-19 with your children.

#### Know whether or not to talk about COVID-19 with them

It is important to know what children have heard about COVID-19 already. It is likely that they are talking about it in school, so just because your child doesn't bring it up, doesn't mean they aren't thinking about it.

#### Explain what is currently being done to contain COVID-19

Reassure children that the measures put in place are the best ways to keep them safe. The U.S. is carefully monitoring the situation and currently the risk in Chester County remains low. Health Departments, such as the Chester County Health Department, are encouraging personal preparedness and prevention tips to keep the community healthy.

#### Know what information your children are exposed to

Be mindful about where your children are being exposed to information about COVID-19. For example, they may overhear conversations, or pick up on the continuous news headlines that adults have on as background.

For teenagers and tweens who have access to news online and via social media, ask them what they are seeing and hearing about COVID-19. Help correct misinformation, and if you don't know the answer, be honest. You can research the answers together.

#### Validate their feelings and reassure them

Parents should listen to their child's fears and try to understand what they are feeling. Avoid saying things like "you'll be fine" or "don't worry about it."

#### Give them action items

Remind them of the importance of washing hands often (for at least 20 seconds), avoid touching their eyes, mouth, and nose, and keeping their areas clean by wiping down things that are used often. If your preparedness plans include stocking up on groceries and toiletries, like you would before a big snowstorm, ask your child to help. Invite them to go the store with you. Having a stash of their favorite snacks in the pantry may help them feel more prepared.

For more information, please visit the Chester If you are active on social media, we recommend following these sources: County Health Department's website @ChesterCountyHealthDepartment @CDC Chesco.org/Health @ChescoHealth <u>@CDCgov</u>

Example A





SIGNS THAT YOUR CHILD SHOULD STAY HOME FROM SCHOOL

STOMACH

SYMPTOMS

PREVENTING

THE SPREAD

OF ILLNESS

/omiting



HEALTHY BY

WHEN SOMEONE IN YOUR

FAMILY IS SICK, YOU CAN HELP KEEP YOUR CHILD

Teaching her to wash her hands oft

that may be contaminated with ger





Thousands of kids under age 5 are hospitalized each year due to flu complications Common flu symptom

include headache, fever extreme fatigue, sore throat, dry cough, muscle aches, runny nose, nausea vomiting, and diarrhea



The CDC recommend

that individuals older

than 6 months receive annual flu vaccinations

Part of Good Samaritan Health syste GOODSAMSANJOSE.COM

Flu seasor

in Octobe

in the U.S.

usually begins

#### Example B





#### **Additional Resources from Attendance Works**

### Handouts for Families

✓ Preschool, Elementary & Secondary Grades

 $\checkmark$  Available in English, Spanish, Chinese, Vietnamese, Tagalog and Creole https://www.attendanceworks.org/resources/ handouts-for-families/



Attendance

Help Your Child Succeed in School: **Build the Habit of Good Attendance Early** 

#### **DID YOU KNOW?**

- Starting in preschool and kindergarten, too many absences can cause children to fall behind in school.
- · Missing 10%, or about 2 days each month over the course of a school year, can make it harder to learn to read.
- · Students can still fall behind if they miss just one or two days every few weeks.
- · Being late to school may lead to poor attendance
- Absences and tardiness can affect the whole classroom if the teacher has to slow down learning to help children catch up

Attending school regularly helps children feel better about school-and themselves. Start building this habit in preschool so they learn right away that going to school on time, every day is important. Eventually good attendance will be a skill that will help them succeed in high school and college.

Visit Attendance Works at www.attendanceworks.org for free downloadable resources and tools

#### WHAT YOU CAN DO

 Set a regular bedtime and morning routine. · Lay out clothes and pack backpacks the night before.

#### When Do Absences **Become a Problem?**

CHRONIC ABSENCE

18 or more days

**NARNING SIGNS** 

10 to 17 days

SATISFACTORY

9 or fewer absences

- · Find out what day school starts and make sure your child has the required shots.
- · Introduce your children to their teachers and classmates before school starts
- · Develop backup plans for getting to school if something comes up. Call on a family member, a neighbor, or another parent.
- Avoid medical appointments and extended trips when school is in session
- · Keep in mind that complaints of a stomach ache or headache can be a sign of anxiety and not a reason to stay home. If your child seems anxious about going to school, talk to teachers, school counselors and other parents for advice on how to make your child feel comfortable and excited about learning.

· If your child must stay home due to illness, ask the teacher for

resources and ideas to continue learning at home

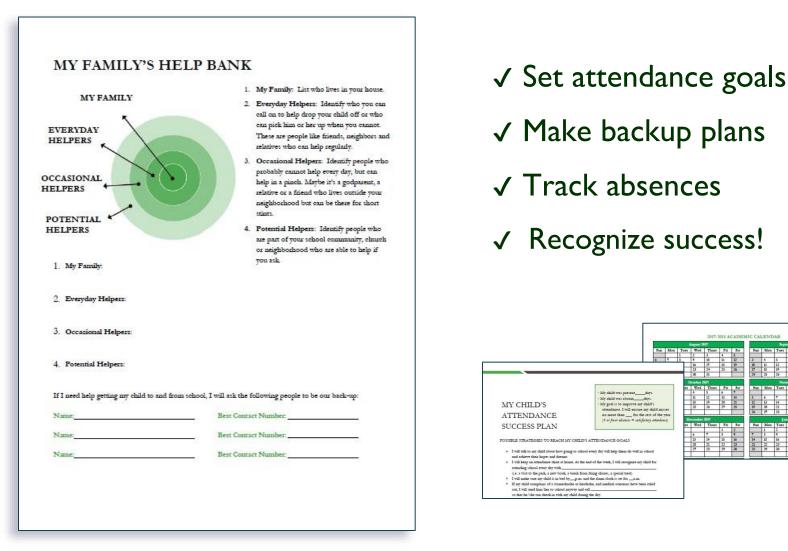
Note: These numbers assume a 180-day school year.

Sign up for the 2023 Attendance Awareness Campaign

https://awareness.attendanceworks.org/contact/aam-updates/



#### **Encourage All Students and Families to Create a Success Plan**



http://www.attendanceworks.org/resources/student-attendance-success-plans/



## **Better Truancy Notifications**

- ✓ Started with positive language and moved punitive language to the end
- $\checkmark$  Fewer words
- ✓ Written at 5<sup>th</sup> grade reading level
- ✓ Formatted to help readers skim
- Makes connection
   between absences
   and achievement

Condition A (Control) Standard Notice
School Name
Address
City, State Zip
Date
Parent Name
Parent Address
RE: Student Name
City, State Zip
Student ID#: XXXXX
Dear Parent/Guardian:
Good attendance is required for academic excellence. [STATE] Education Code determines what types of absences a excused or unexcused. When a child is absent from school and/or tardy in excess of 30 minutes on three (3) occasion in one school year without a valid excuse, the law considers that child to be truant. The law and district policy requir all schools to notify parents when this occurs. The [district name] central office automatically sends these letters based on school records so that parents are aware of absences and can address these concerns.
School records indicate that your child was absent from school without a valid excuse on occasions, beginning with the following dates:
Thursday, September 12, 2015 Thursday, September 10, 2015 Thursday, September 27, 2015
Our goal is to partner with families to ensure that atudents are attending school every day. Although the following consequences may appear harsh we are mandated by Education Code Article 48260.5 to inform you of the following
<ul> <li>That the parent or guardian is obligated to compel the attendance of the pupil at school.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>That parents or guardians who fail to meet these obligation may be guilty of an infraction and subject to</li> </ul>
prosecution pursuant to Article 6 (commencing with Section 48290) of Chapter 2 or Part 27.
<ul> <li>That alternative education programs are available in the district.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>That the parent or guardian has the right to meet with appropriate school personnel to discuss solutions to the pupil's truancy.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>That the pupil may be subject to prosecution under Education Code Section 48264.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>That the pupil may be subject to suspension, restriction, or delay of the pupil's driving privilege pursuant to</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>That the paper may be subject to subject the real ration, or only or the paper starting performs pursuant to Section 19202.7 of the Vehicle Code.</li> </ul>
· That it is recommended that the parent or guardian accompany the pupil to school and attend classes with
the pupil for one day.
Please recognize that we are required to monitor attendance and notify parents of potential problems with student attendance. If you have concerns about your child's attendance, or if you believe there is an error in this notice, contact the school at «SCHOOL_PHONE_NUMBER». The designated attendance personnel will work with you to resolve this issue. We look forward to assisting you.
Sinearedy,
Principal Signature
Principal Name

n0	
COL	need your help. [STUDENT NAME]'s absences from school are corning, and your partnership is critical. Students who miss just one or o days of school each month can fall seriously behind.
	"UDENT NAME] is now "truant" because [SHE/HE] missed school (or s more than 30 minutes late) without a valid excuse on:
	Thursday, September 12, 2015
	Thursday, September 19, 2015
	Thursday, September 27, 2015
Bei	ng absent can lead to doing poorly in school. Students who miss many
day	vs of school are more likely to:
	<ul> <li>Fail their classes</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Drop out from high school</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Have poor relationships with parents and teachers</li> </ul>
	are required by [STATE] law to send you this letter and to warn you of consequences of additional unexcused absences (see sidebar).
mo	ase remember that every absence matters and just a couple days each nth adds up. You are key to improving [STUDENT NAME]'s endance.
atte	endance.
Sin	cerely.
Pri	ncipal X
	Lang Mr. Conv.
of the pupil's	2 Education Code School administrators determine what types of absences are excused or unexcused based on state law and on the circumstances. When a child is absent from school and/or tardy in excess of 30 minutes on three (3) occasions in one school year
	case, the law considers that child to be truent. Jection 48260.5 requires us to inform you of the following:
of the pare	nt or guardian is obligated to compet the attendance of the pupil at school.
et parents and Section 4	or guardians who fail to meet these obligation may be guilty of an infraction and subject to prosecution pursuant to Article 6 (commenciny 8290) of Chepter 2 or Part 27.
at allornati	e education programs are evaluable in the district
	if or guardian has the right to meet with appropriate school personnial to discuss solutions to the pupil's truancy. may be subject to prosecution under Education Code Section 45254.
	may be subject to protectation ander Education Code Section +5294. may be subject to suspension, restriction, or delay of the pupil's driving privilege pursuant to Section 13202.7 of the Vehicle Code.
	remended that the penert or guardian accompany the pupil to school and attand classes with the pupil for one day

shool at «SCHOOL PHONE NUMBER

Writing Truancy Notices That Can Improve Attendance

Using Behavioral Insights to Improve School Administrative Communications: The Case of Truancy Notifications



### **Check out our health guidance!**

Health Gui	idance for Going to School
	up to school every day is critical for well-being, engagement and learning.
lake sure to send children to sc	hool if they are:
<ul> <li>Generally healthy and w</li> </ul>	rell.
<ul> <li>Participating in usual date</li> </ul>	
Children can even go to	
	, which may include a runny nose and/or cough.
	ge without fever, eve pain or evelid redness.
Have a mild ston	
	with no other symptoms.
	Though they are annoying and should be treated, lice are not a reason to
exclude a child f	
	ver overnight and they have not taken fever-reducing
medicine during	
Children may also av appetite, feeling tired, may be suffering from a	unless they are too sick to participate. Please see the back of this most situations, a health-care provider's note is not needed to return. old school due to anxiety (symptoms may include decreased stomachache, headache etc). If you are worried that your child anxiety, talk with your teacher, the school nurse, social worker or ccuss the challenge and identify what can help your child stay in
lease talk to your school (schoo ealth-care provider to keep you	immune system or is at high risk for complications from common illnesses, of nurse if available) about developing a plan with you and your child's ar child healthy and safe while attending school.
guidance inc	iluding about contagious illnesses such as Covid-19 and the flu.

### Reasons to keep me home from school and what needs to happen before I can return

What is my symptom?	When should I stay home and when to seek medical care?	When can I return to school?	
Fever	I have a fever of 100.4*F (38*C) or higher. Seek medical care if I have fever and any of the following: ear pain, sore throat, rash, stomachache, headache or tooth pain.	If I have not had a fever overnight withou the use of fever-reducing medication and I am feeling better.	
Vomiting and/or diarrhea	If I have vomited 2 or more times in the last 24 hours. If my stool is watery and I may not make it to the toilet in time. Seek medical care if I have stomach cramping and fever, I have bloody or black stool, or I am showing signs of dehydration (tired and sleepy, dry mouth and not urinating at least once in the last 8 hours).	If I did not vomit overnight and I am able to drink liquids without throwing up. If m diarrhea has improved.	
Persistent cough or trouble breathing	Seek medical care if I have a persistent cough, difficulty breathing or trouble catching my breath or if I develop a fever with the cough. These symptoms may be signs of Covid-19 or flu and should be evaluated by a health-care provider.	Once I am feeling better and I have been cleared for return by my health-care provider. If my symptoms were due to asthma, please make sure that I have permission to use breathing medication a school.	
Rash	Seek medical care if the rash has blisters, is draining, is painful, looks like bruises and/or if I develop a fever.	Rash has healed or I have been cleared fo return by my health-care provider.	
Eye irritation	Seek medical care if I have eye swelling, eye pain, trouble seeing or an eye injury.	Once I am feeling better.	
Sore throat	Seek medical care if I have drooling, trouble swallowing or a fever and/or rash.	Once I am feeling better. If I was prescribed an antibiotic by my health-carr provider, then I can return 12 hours after the first dose, if I am without fever and I am feeling better.	
	r to send your child to school or have specific ur child's health-care provider, a local urgent c		
Attendance Works	🚧 Kaiser Permanente	STASN Normal	



https://www.attendanceworks.org/resources/health-handouts-for-families/

## **Communicating with Families**

Use these resources to help your communications with families be clear and supportive.

★ Letters for Families

https://www.attendanceworks.org/resources/welcome-students-to-school/

★ Spring Attendance Dips

https://www.attendanceworks.org/resources/spring-attendance-slump/

★ Strengthen Summer Learning

https://www.attendanceworks.org/resources/toolkits/showing-up-mattersfor-real/using-r-e-a-l-to-strengthen-summer-learning/

#### ★ Stay the Course: Winter Messaging

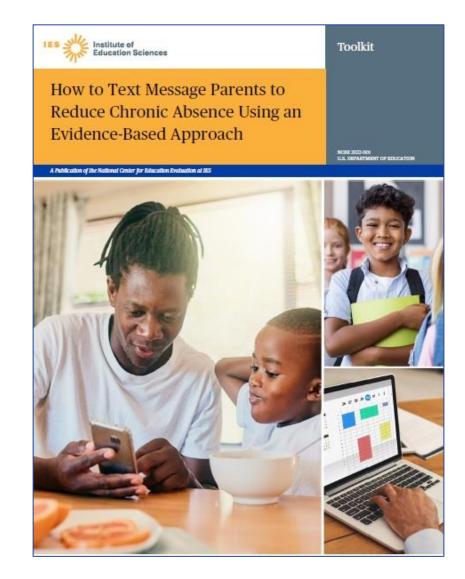
https://www.attendanceworks.org/resources/messaging/stay-the-course-awinter-messaging-toolkit/

★ Holiday Messaging

https://www.attendanceworks.org/resources/messaging/holiday-messaging/

★ How to Text Message Parents to Reduce Chronic Absence Using an Evidence-Based Approach

https://ies.ed.gov/ncee/pubs/2022001/pdf/2022001.pdf





### **Year-Round Planning**

Plan activities and events that keep a focus on improving attendance all year long.

- See sample activities for PreK, K-12 and district teams
- Use blank calendars to customize the plan for your community
- Remember to specify who is responsible for leading and how to measure the results

Attendance SAMPLE ACTIVITIES for K-12: rev. 3-28-23 Vorks. Attendance Activities School Year Plan (K-12) School Year School Name Activities in the grid are examples. You can customize the plan for your school or program. For each activity, specify who is responsible for leading and how to measure the results. You can also recreate this chart in a larger format and use post-it notes to add activities as a group exercise. See the 3 Tiers of Intervention (https://www.attendanceworks.org/chronic-absence/addressing-chronic-absence/3-tiers-of-intervention[] Fall Semester End-of-Year Summer Welcome Back Ongoing (Weekly) Winter Semester Spring Semester Timing (July/August) (August/September) (October - November) (December - February) (March-April) (May/June) Establish school team to address Conduct team meeting by Revisit data to measure Ensure staff are Review data. Share data Hold team meetings. Review early warning data. Ensure staff are prepared to attendance. Develop a yearly the second week of prepared to discuss with student's next progress and revise School Team attendance plan and goals. Agree school discuss attendance in a caring school-wide strategies as attendance in teacher for smooth needed. Expand team as on metrics to monitor for inmanner in parent-teacher parent-teacher transitions and trouble person and distance learning. conferences, attendance needed to address reasons conferences. Assess shooting. Utilize start of school year PD improvement meetings, for absence. strategies and write days for teachers and school staff outreach calls and home school improvement to discuss yearly plan and whole visits plan. school strategies. Plan welcoming traditions for Disseminate in-person Coordinate with other Provide a warm welcome for Create opportunities for Plan end-of-year traditions Boost excitement in incoming early grades, transition health and safety school leaders to students who start later in students, families and staff learning – celebrate including opportunities for Foundational grades and new students and protocols. Promote promote and maintain the school year to recharge physically and and event such as service, e.g. students in Whole School their families. Ensure there is positive school climate. Offer afterschool programs emotionally Earth Day. upper grades lead tours immunization activities attention paid to students with Establish good and for students entering the Supports with engaging and culturally Increase the sense of disabilities and other student improved attendance school next fall. responsive curricula. belonging for specific student groups through groups with historically high recognition schedule/ levels of absenteeism. process. Conduct clubs, history months and welcoming traditions for celebrations. students and families Promote attendance messaging Share back-to-school Ask staff to establish Hold parent-teacher Communicate the During parent-teacher Share messaging and during registration/enrollment. engaging activities around messaging about the daily, weekly and conference, recognize good conference student importance of student monthly routines to winter holidays. Use data Have home visits/phone calls to importance of attendance attendance and express attendance check-in. attendance in last weeks of build relationship and remind for in-person and distance build relationships in to identify attendance dips Plan engaging school. Acknowledge concerns in a supportive Tier I families about the first day of learning. the classroom and manner if needed. Anticipate and align events to mitigate attendance successes. activities and (Universal) school. welcome students back and plan activities/supports low attendance days. messaging to avoid after absences. Hold to minimize dips in Schedule mid-year the spring slump. weekly/monthly attendance during holidays. activities to remind school recognition, Ensure Conduct a resource fair for community about

students and their families

attendance.

positive, regular

communication wit

https://www.attendanceworks.org/resources/year-long-planning/





### **Questions from the Audience**







#### Learning Goals for Session 1

### **Participants will:**

- Draw on whole school strategies to create
  - $\circ\,$  positive conditions for learning and
  - $\circ$  strong relationships with students and families that prevent absenteeism
- Understand what chronic absence is and why it matters
- Be introduced to the framework of multi-tiered attendance strategies that moves schools towards prevention and early intervention
- Learn effective strategies to communicate with families about attendance





#### **Evaluation Survey**

## Please let us know how we can improve:

https://app.upmetrics.com/data\_collector/ckf2oltbqlt8k0759tfdbfybj

# Thank you!





Hedy Chang, Executive Director hedy@attendanceworks.org

Angela Duran, Senior Fellow aduran@excelby8.net



www.attendanceworks.org



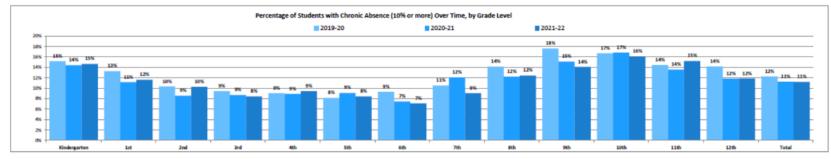
Attendance Works advances student success and closes equity gaps by reducing chronic absence. Operating at the local, state, and national level, Attendance Works:

- ✓ Advances better **policy**
- ✓ Nurtures proven and promising **practice**
- ✓ Promotes meaningful and effective communication
- ✓ Catalyzes needed research

Since our launch in 2010, we have become the nation's "go-to" resource for improving student attendance. To learn more, visit our website: <a href="http://www.attendanceworks.org">www.attendanceworks.org</a>







#### **UPDATED! Data Tracking Tools**

What? Attendance Works District and School Attendance Tracking tools

Why? These tools will help you analyze your local data. This version now captures information about students experiencing extreme chronic absenteeism (missing 50% or more of school).

When? Before the new school year begins is an excellent time to examine who was chronically absent last year.

Find it here: https://www.attendanceworks.org/resources/data-tools/calculating-chronic-absence/

