

Reducing Chronic Absenteeism With School Climate and SEL







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Join the discussion **★#SELwebinar**



What we'll discuss today

- What is chronic absenteeism and what does the research say?
- How do SEL and school climate relate to chronic absence?
- What are districts doing to reduce absenteeism and promote SEL and school climate?
- What's next for reducing chronic absence in the years ahead?
- Questions & answers







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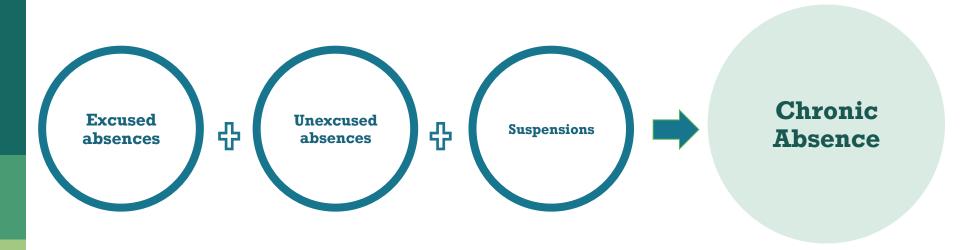








Chronic absence is missing so much school for any reason that a student is academically at risk. Attendance Works recommends defining it as missing 10% or more of school for any reason.

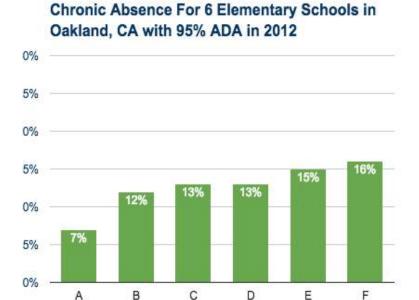


Chronic absence is different from **truancy** (unexcused absences only) or **average daily attendance** (how many students show up to school each day).



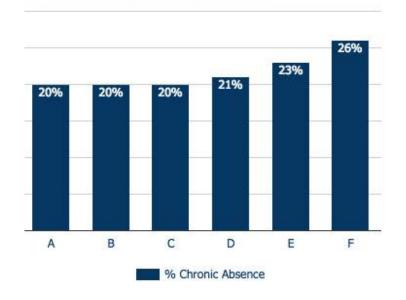
Average Daily Attendance (ADA Can Mask Chronic Absence

90% and even $95\% \neq A$



% Chronic Absence

Chronic Absence for 6 Schools in New York
City with 90% ADA in 2011-12

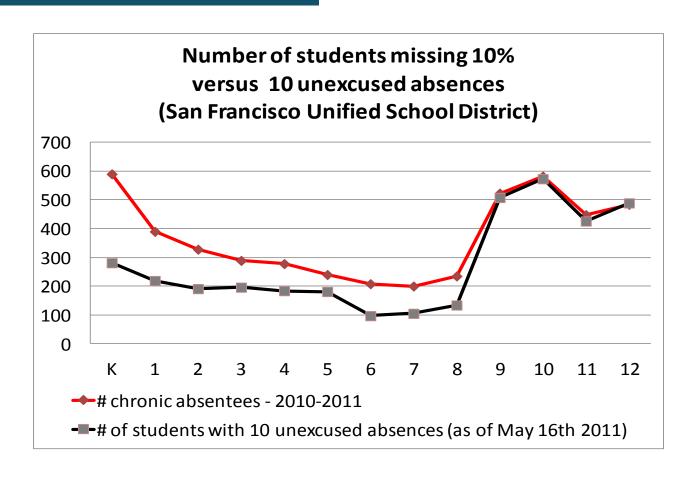


98% ADA = little chronic absence 95% ADA = don't know 93% ADA = significant chronic absence



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Chronic Absence vs. Truancy







Student Attendance is Strongly Associated with Academic Success Chronic Absence = Warning Sign of Academic Risk

K-1st Grade:

Students who attend regularly in the early grades perform better on measures of academic and social and emotional capacities.

3rd Grade:

Students who attend school regularly are more likely to be able to read proficiently by the end of 3rd grade.

Middle School Success:

Students who attend school regularly are more likely to have passing grades in middle school

High School Completion:

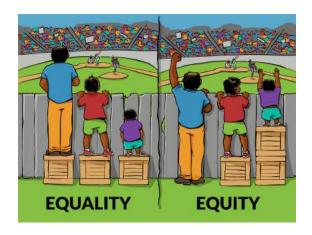
Students who attend school regularly are more likely to graduate from high school

College Completion:

Students who attend school regularly in high school are more likely to persist in college and graduate



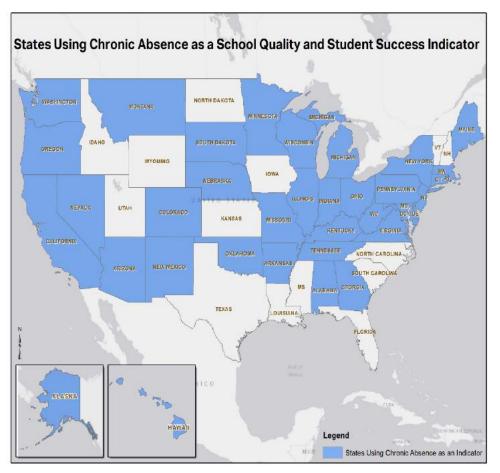


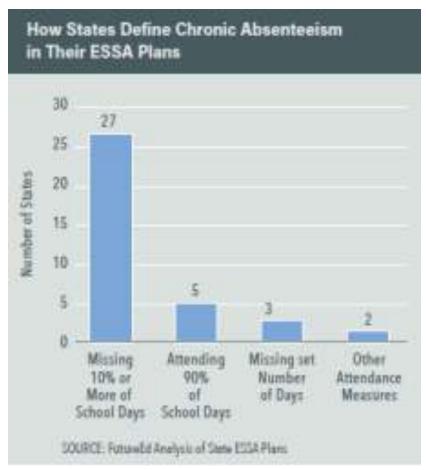


- Vulnerable children, especially those living in poverty, are 2-3 times more likely to experience chronic absence at earlier ages, starting as early as preschool.
- Vulnerable children are much less likely to have the resources to make up for lost learning time in the classroom.
- Vulnerable children are more likely to experience multiple years of chronic absence



36 states + DC adopted chronic absence as a metric in their ESSA plans. The vast majority adopted the definition recommended by Attendance Works.





Who's In: Chronic Absenteeism Under the Every Student Succeeds Act FutureEd, Georgetown University, September 2017.





Reducing Chronic Absence Requires New Paradigm on Attendance

Truancy

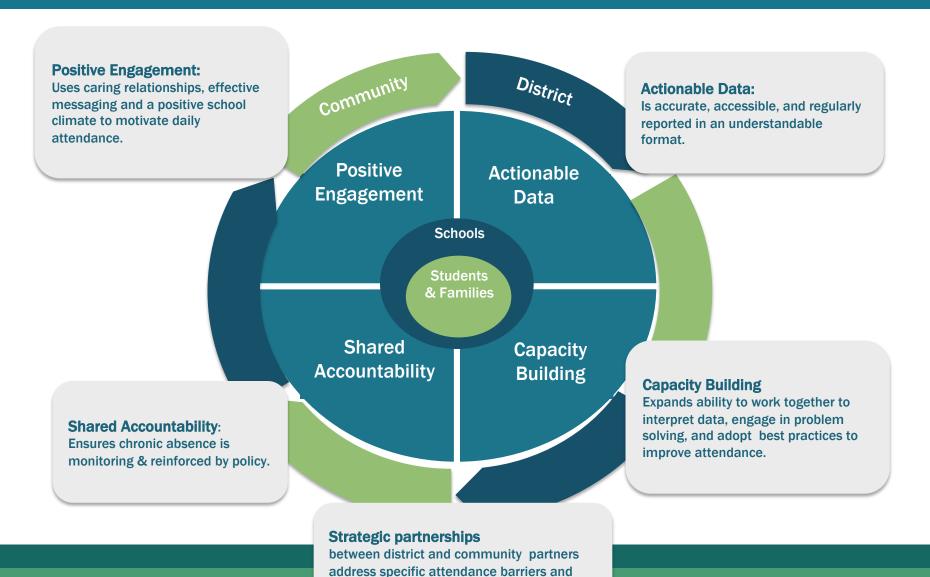
- Counts unexcused absences
- Emphasizes individual compliance with school rules
- Uses legal, typically more punitive, solutions

Chronic Absence

- Counts all absences
- Emphasizes
 academic impact
 of missed days
- Uses preventive problem-solving, trauma-informed strategies

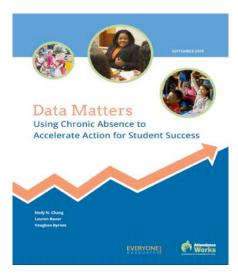


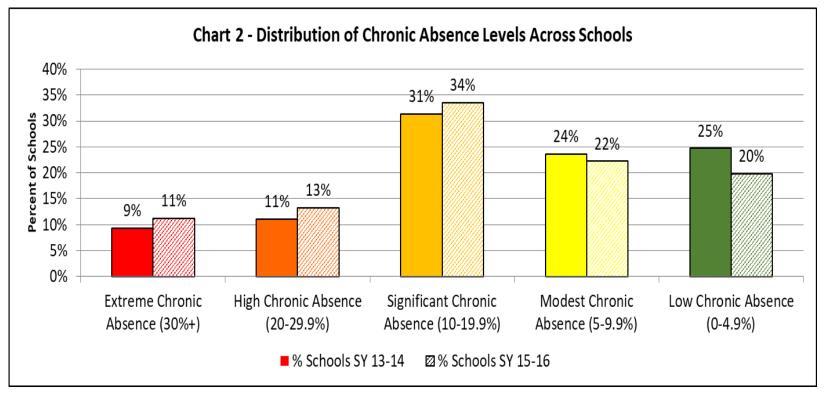
Key Ingredients of Change



mobilize support for all ingredients.

Chronic Absence affects some schools more than others



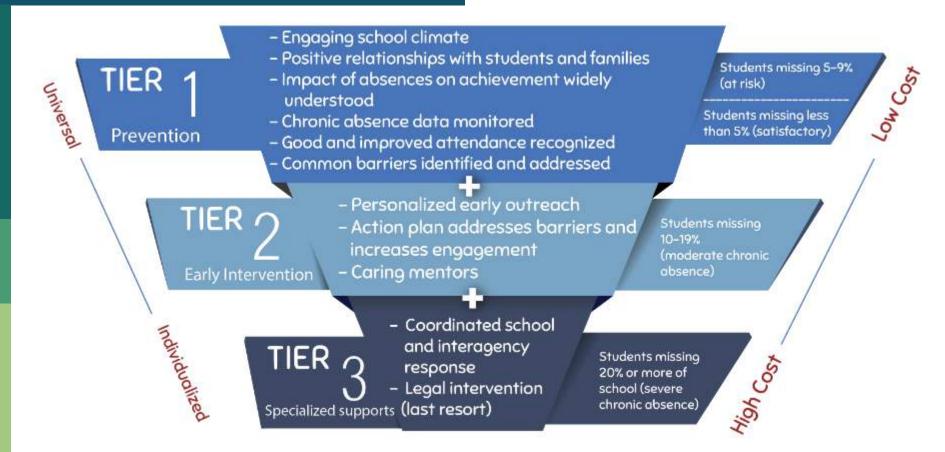






Invest in Prevention and Early Intervention

High and extreme levels of chronic absence are an alert that additional investment is needed in Tier I and the Conditions for Learning.





Leverage our Teaching Attendance Modules to Learn about A Tiered Approach



For free access, register here:

http://www.attendanceworks.org/resources/teaching-attendance-curriculum/



The Challenge

Chronic absence

Teacher attrition

Increased student engagement
Reduction of chronic absence
Improved attendance
Teacher retention





Factors that Contribute to Chronic Absence

External

- Illness, both chronic and acute
- Lack of health, mental health, vision, or dental care
- Trauma
- Unsafe path to/from school
- Poor transportation
- Frequent moves or school changes
- Involvement with child welfare or juvenile justice systems
- Misconceptions: absences only seen as a problem if they are unexcused
- Missing 2 days per month doesn't affect learning
- Sporadic absences aren't a problem
- Attendance only matters in the older grades

(Attendance Works, 2018; Schanfield, Chang & Osher, in press)





Factors that Contribute to Chronic Absence

Internal

- Lack of culturally relevant, engaging instruction
- No meaningful relationships with adults in school
- Stronger ties with peers out of school than in school
- Unwelcoming school climate
- Failure to earn credits/no future plans
- Many teacher absences or long-term substitutes
- Struggling academically or socially
- Bullying
- Suspensions and expulsions
- Negative attitudes of parents because of their own school experience
- Undiagnosed disability
- Lack of appropriate accommodations for disability

Attendance Works (2018); Schanfield, Chang & Osher (in press)





Internal Conditions for Learning Affect Student Engagement and Attendance.

Safety

Connectedness & Support

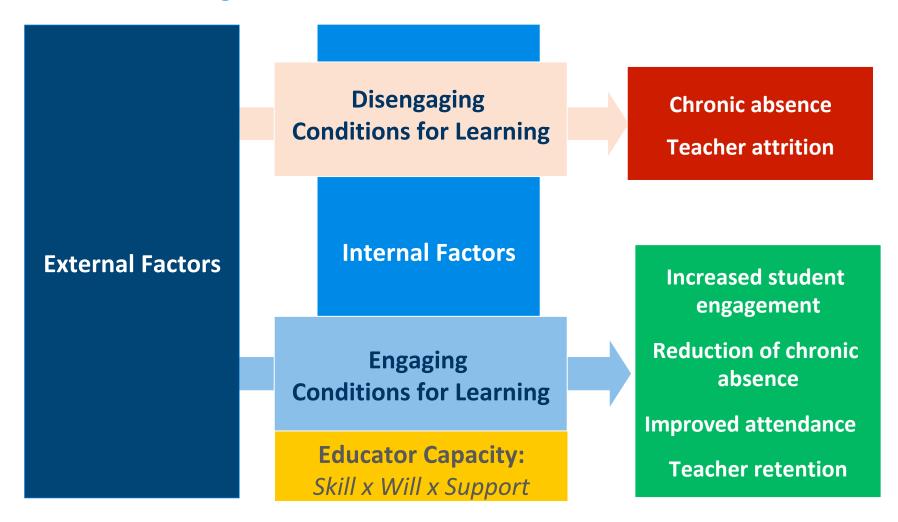
Challenging & Relevant Instruction

Educator Social-Emotional Competency

Osher & Kendziora (2010)



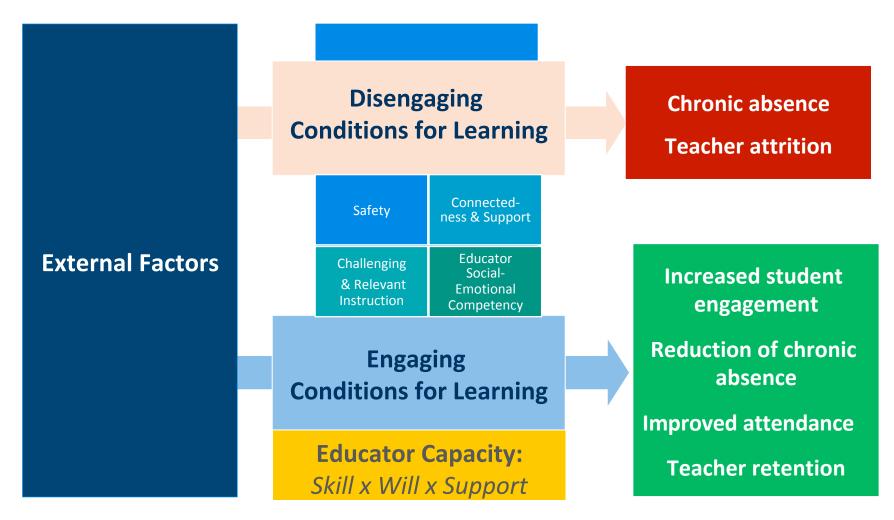
Conditions for Learning mediate the influence of external factors affecting attendance and chronic absence.







Conditions for Learning mediate the influence of external factors affecting attendance and chronic absence.







Educator Capacity

Skill x Will x Support

SKILL

Educators with the social and emotional competencies to

- 1. employ positive approaches to discipline;
- embrace culturally responsive practices;
- 3. integrate social and emotional learning into their pedagogy and curriculum; and
- 4. provide frequent and helpful feedback without judgement.

WILL

Educators who build conditions for learning

- 1. examine their own beliefs;
- believe they can make a difference for students in school regardless of external barriers;
- 3. work together as a team; and
- 4. embrace growth, mistakes, support, and guidance (including from families and students).

SUPPORT

Educators who have

- 1. time, facilities, and resources;
- community support and involvement;
- 3. teacher leadership opportunities; and
- supportive school leadership/ professional development/ instructional support.

Educator capacity to create engaging conditions for learning is the difference between school conditions that *promote engagement* and those that *promote disengagement*.





Key Messages for Improving Attendance

Attendance is often a reflection of the conditions for learning within a school.

If engaging school conditions are consistently present, due to educators with will, skill, and support, then student attendance and engagement will increase.

and family input, and understand a community's context (i.e. internal and external factors), can identify what needs to change in school to reduce chronic absence.

Improving student attendance requires educators to prevent and intervene.







GRPS

ABOUT THE DISTRICT GRAND RAPIDS PUBLIC SCHOOLS



7TH LARGEST SCHOOL DISTRICT IN MICHIGAN WITH 54 SCHOOLS

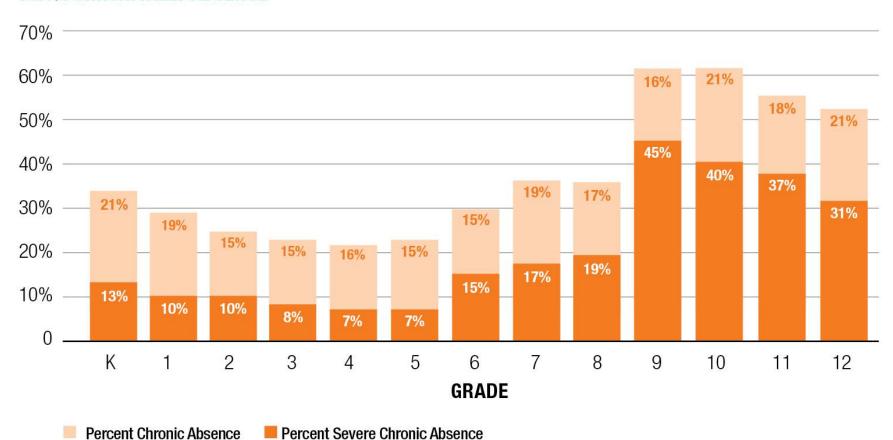
- Nearly 17,000 students
- 80% free/reduced lunch
- 20% special education
- 25% English language learners
- 33% African American
 37% Hispanic
 22% Caucasian

3RD LARGEST EMPLOYER IN GRAND RAPIDS

• 2,700+ employees (1,400 teachers)

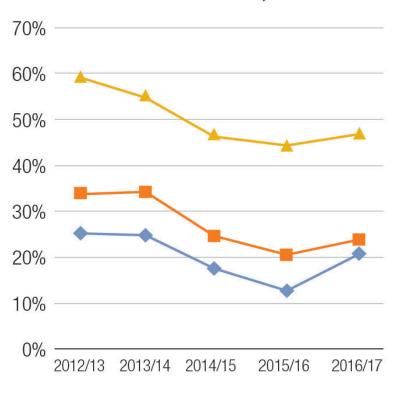
2012-2013 CHRONIC ABSENCES

36.4% CHRONICALLY ABSENCE

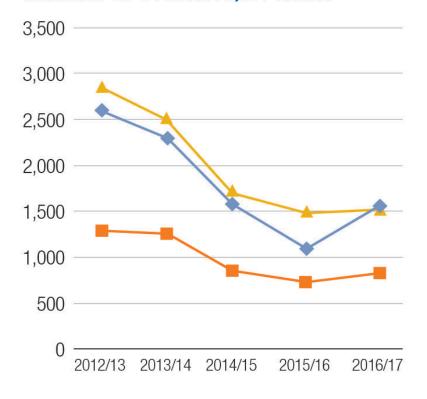


FIVE-YEAR COMPARISON CHRONIC ABSENTEEISM OVER TIME

PERCENTAGE OF STUDENTS, BY LEVEL



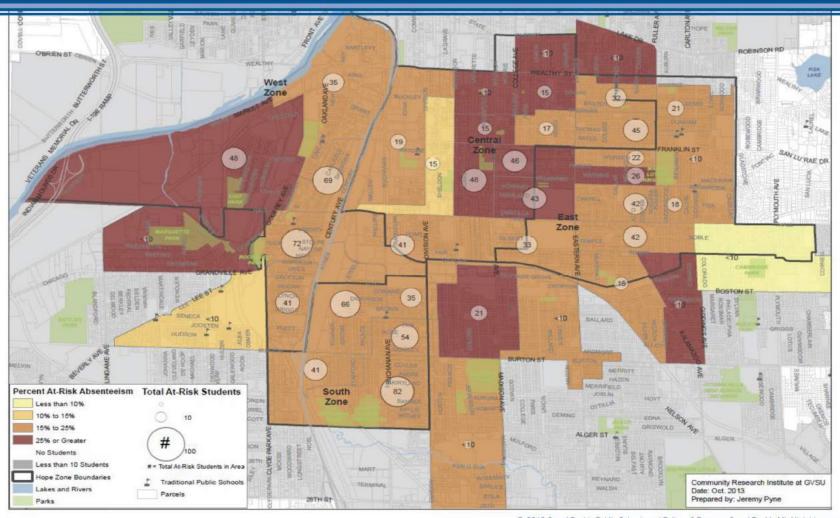
NUMBER OF STUDENTS, BY LEVEL



IMPROVING ATTENDANCE KEYS TO SUCCESS

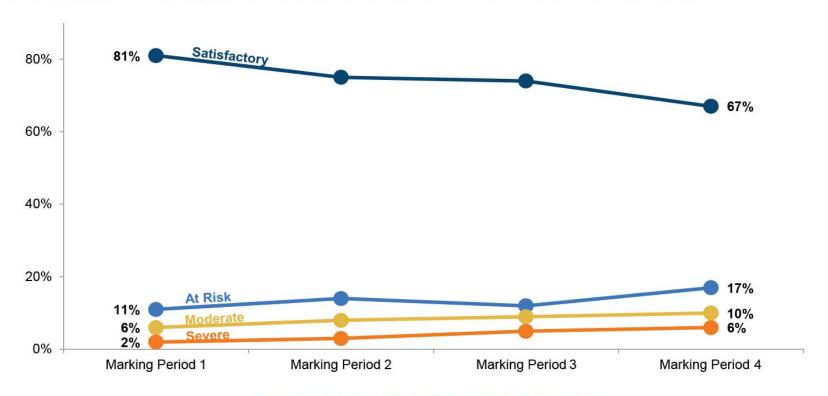
- District and Site Leadership
- 2. Community Partnership and Collective Impact
- 3. Data and Transparency
- 4. Parent Engagement and Actionable Messaging
- 5. Investment Over Time

MAPPING TARGET AREAS



PROGRESSION OF CHRONIC ABSENTEEISM

THE PERCENT OF 7TH GRADE STUDENTS WITH A SATISFACTORY ATTENDANCE LEVEL DECREASES EACH MARKING PERIOD, WHERE AS THE PERCENT IN EVERY OTHER LEVEL INCREASES.



7TH GRADE ATTENDANCE LEVELS BY MARKING PERIOD

COMMUNITY COLLABORATIVE PARENT UNIVERSITY



Parent University is a **community collaborative** to help parents become full partners in their child's education.

Parent University offers modules, activities, workshops, classes, conferences, mentoring, and coaching to equip parents for success.







ACTIONABLE MESSAGING









Source: Believe 2 Become

DISRUPTIVE TECHNOLOGIES



Class chart

NEW LEADER BOARDS

CHALLENGE 5 TOOLKIT

(For Schools & Community Partners)

- Yard signs
- Encouragement stickers
- Award ribbons
- Classroom attendance charts
- Home attendance charts
- No-cost recognition strategies
- Request today



Mrs. TeachersName



Attendance poster



Yard signs/ stickers

STUDENT ART PARTNERSHIP

- GRPS Fine Arts Department leading
- Attendance posters



Home chart

Classroom chart

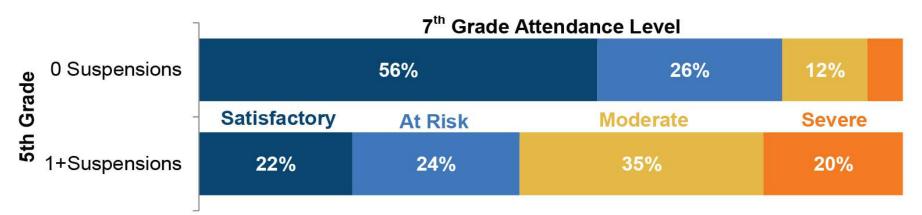
Source: Believe 2 Become

ATTENDANCE RATES BY SUSPENSION RATES

55% OF STUDENTS

suspended at least one time in 5th grade

WERE CHRONICALLY ABSENT IN 7TH GRADE



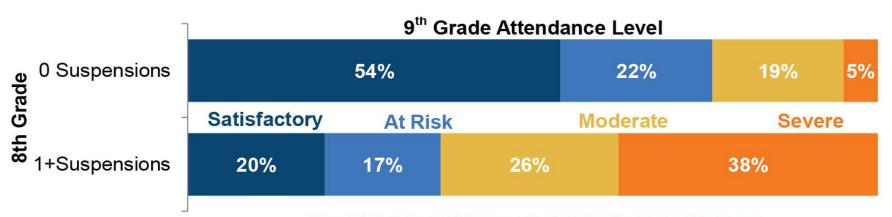
7TH GRADE ATTENDANCE LEVELS BY 5TH GRADE SUSPENSION RATES

ATTENDANCE RATES BY SUSPENSION RATES

63% OF STUDENTS

suspended at least one time in 8th grade

WERE CHRONICALLY ABSENT IN 9TH GRADE



9TH GRADE ATTENDANCE LEVELS BY 8TH GRADE SUSPENSION RATES

SOCIAL AND EMOTIONAL LEARNING WHAT IS SEL?

Our community is dedicated to **educating the whole child**. This includes focusing on social and emotional **learning of students and adults** by **explicitly teaching** and **modeling** the **attitudes and skills** necessary to:

- Recognize and manage their emotions
- Demonstrate caring and concern for others
- Establish positive relationships
- Make responsible decisions
- Constructively handle challenging social situations

*Notice competencies are to be learned and practiced by adults as well









About Ogden School District

- Serving 12,300 students across 20 schools
- 76% free/reduced lunch, 64% minority, 21% limited English proficiency, 24.4% of students are chronically absent
- 17 out of 20 schools have 10% or more families in intergenerational poverty
- High teen pregnancy and suicide rates; 46% report a need for mental health treatment;
 17% report having seriously considered suicide
- Top 32 students referred in 9th grade year have a 43-50% dropout rate







Ogden School District will improve K-12 Literacy Performance



Ogden School District will increase *High School Graduation Rate*



Attendance Work Group

- MTSS framework for implementing systemic, evidence-based practices in 3-tiers
- District Implementation Team (DIT) help to ensure implementation capacity is developed at school sites
- Administrative representation from each school level (elementary, junior high, high school and central office)
- Counselor, teacher, and Information Technology (IT) representation





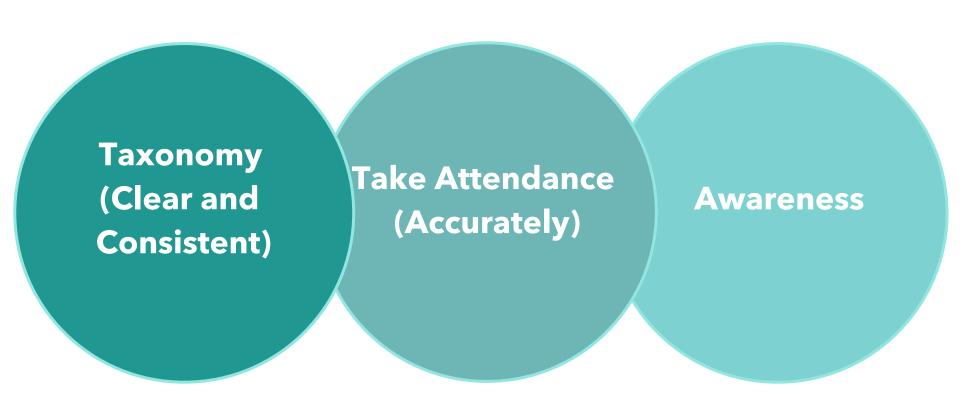
Tiered Attendance Checklist (TAC) Survey

- Proficiency with attendance laws
- Clear and consistent taxonomy (terms and definitions)
- Written policies and procedures
- Communication/media campaigns on attendance
- Partnering with families
- Community support for attendance





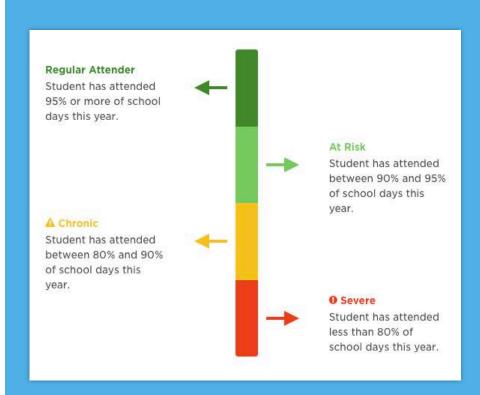
Goal-Setting for 2018-2019





Clear and Consistent Taxonomy

- Redesign our attendance codes (Student Information System)
- Align our common attendance language with our new Early Warning System (Panorama)
- Example: "At-Risk" and Chronic"



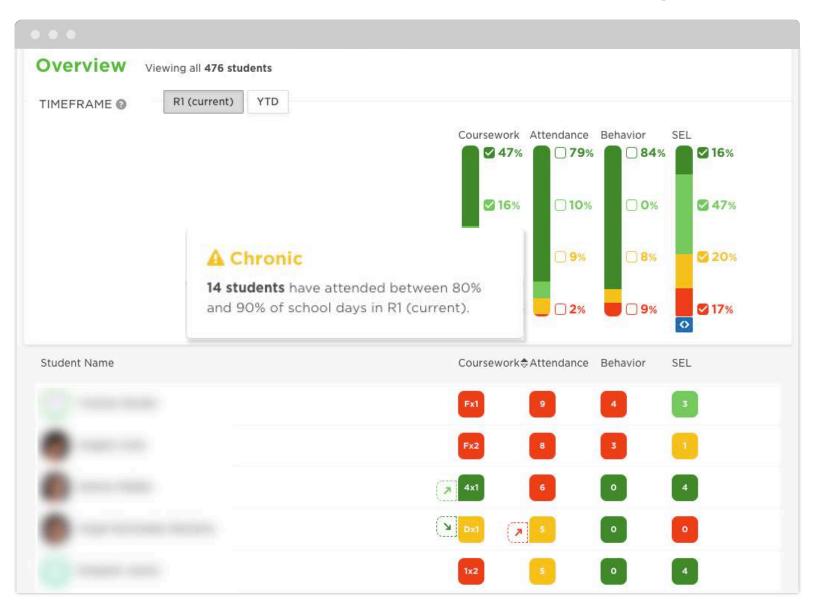


GDEN Clear and Consistent Taxonomy

Panorama (<i>previously</i>)	Panorama (<u>Now</u>)
On-Track for College & Career (0-4.99% days missed)	Regular Attender (0-4.99% days missed)
On-Track for Graduation (5-9.99% days missed)	At-Risk (5-9.99% days missed)
At-Risk (10-19.99% days missed)	Chronic (10-19.99% days missed)
Critical (20% or more days missed)	Severe (20% or more days missed)



Clear and Consistent Taxonomy





Taking Attendance & Raising Awareness

- 2018-2019 is our baseline year
- Automated messages to teachers
- Trainings (administrators, secretaries, school board)
- Monthly Campaigns
 - ✓ September Attendance Awareness
 - ✓ October Every Student...Every Day
 - ✓ Nov./Dec. Healthy Routines
- Community Partners (e.g. incentives, local businesses, etc.)





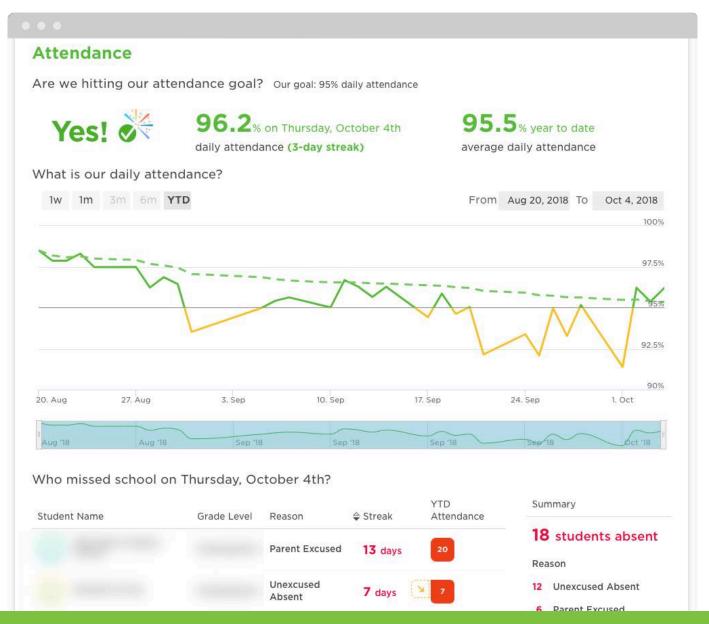
Awareness - September Video







Digging Deeper with Panorama





Digging Deeper with Panorama



Self-Efficacy

Based on 69 responses

How much students believe they can succeed in achieving academic outcomes.

What are the results for this topic?



41 %

responded favorably

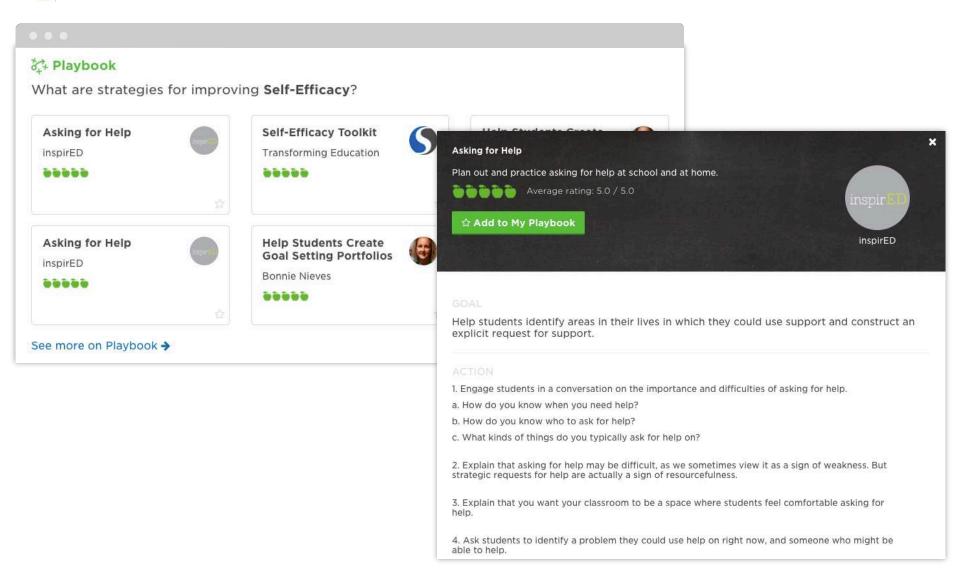


GDEN Digging Deeper with Panorama

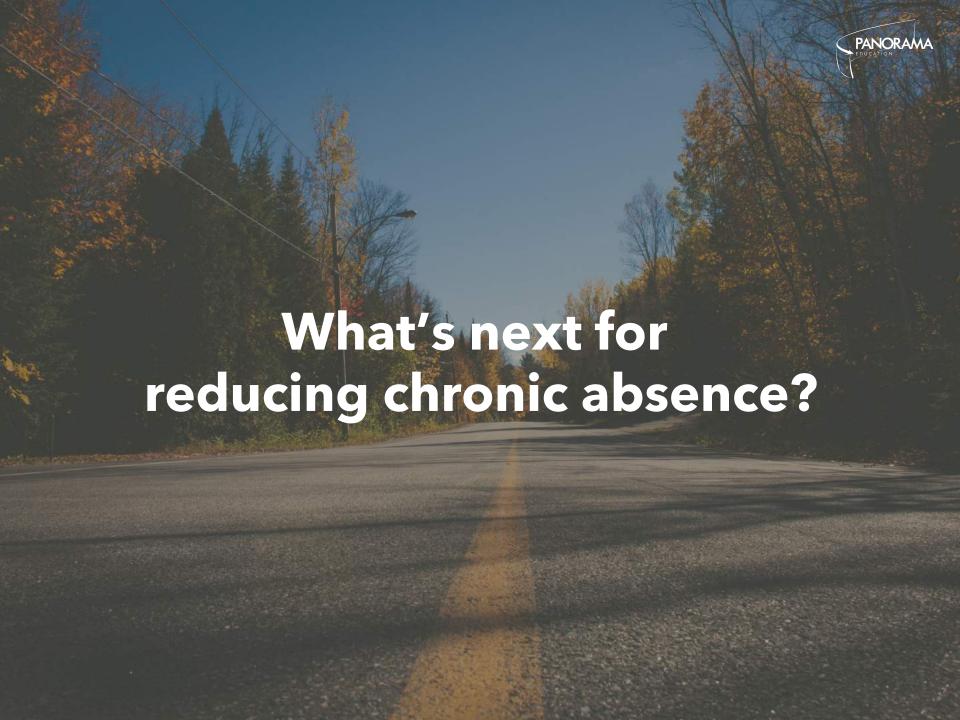
How did students respond to each question? Sorted by Question score - Highest to lowest -	
OUESTION > How confident are you that you can complete all the work that is assigned in your classes?	54% responded favorably
QUESTION > How confident are you that you will remember what you learned in your current classes, next year?	43 % responded favorably
QUESTION > How confident are you that you can learn all the material presented in your classes?	42% responded favorably
 QUESTION When complicated ideas are presented in class, how confident are you that you can understand them? 	33% responded favorably
QUESTION > How confident are you that you can do the hardest work that is assigned in your classes?	31% responded favorably



Digging Deeper with Panorama

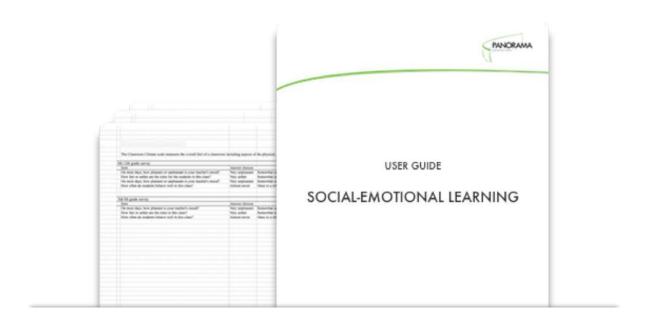








Panorama Social-Emotional Learning Survey



Free, open-source SEL survey from Panorama Education:

www.panoramaed.com/social-emotional-learning



5 Ways Innovative School Districts Are Reducing Chronic Absenteeism



Free guide for school and district leaders:

www.panoramaed.com/resources



Questions & Answers

Join the discussion

#SELwebinar



Thank you!

Questions?

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